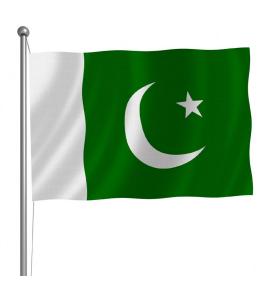


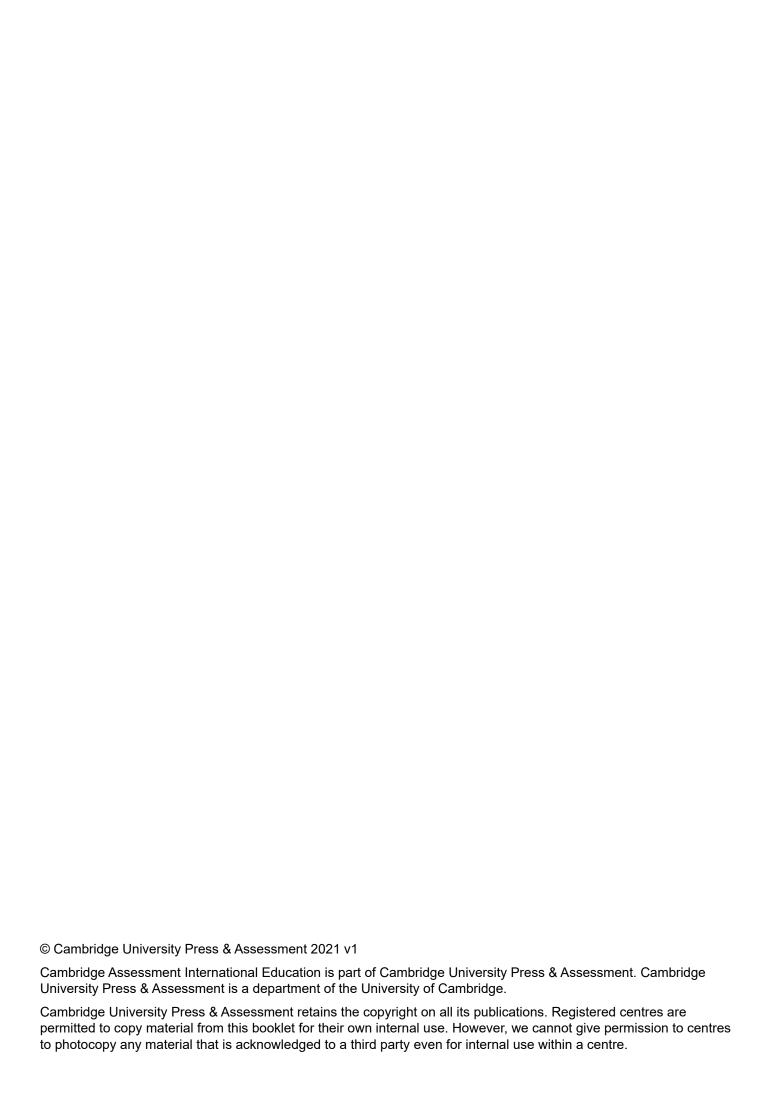
Example Candidate Responses – Paper 1

Cambridge O Level Pakistan Studies 2059

For examination from 2020







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Introduction

The main aim of this booklet is to exemplify standards for those teaching Cambridge O Level Pakistan Studies 2059, and to show how different levels of candidates' performance (high, middle and low) relate to the subject's curriculum and assessment objectives.

In this booklet candidate responses have been chosen from the November 2020 exam series to exemplify a range of answers.

For each question, the response is annotated with a clear explanation of where and why marks were awarded or omitted. This is followed by examiner comments on how the answer could have been improved. In this way, it is possible for you to understand what candidates have done to gain their marks and what they could do to improve their answers. There is also a list of common mistakes candidates made in their answers for each question.

This document provides illustrative examples of candidate work with examiner commentary. These help teachers to assess the standard required to achieve marks beyond the guidance of the mark scheme. Therefore, in some circumstances, such as where exact answers are required, there will not be much comment.

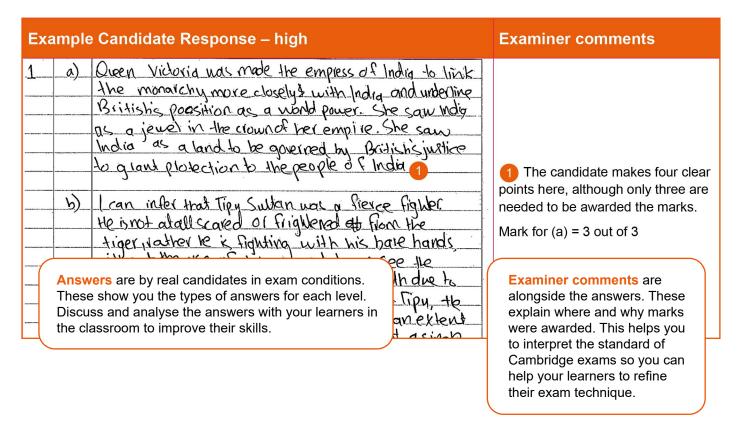
The questions, mark schemes and inserts used here are available to download from the School Support Hub. These files are:

2059 November 2020 Question Paper 1 2059 November 2020 Mark Scheme 1

Past exam resources and other teaching and learning resources are available on the School Support Hub: www.cambridgeinternational.org/support

How to use this booklet

This booklet goes through the paper one question at a time, showing you the high-, middle- and low-level response for each question. The candidate answers are set in a table. In the left-hand column are the candidate answers, and in the right-hand column are the Examiner comments.



How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate made four correct identifications of reasons stated in Source A for why Queen Victoria was made Empress of India (they only needed to identify three).
- **(b)** The candidate drew two inferences from Source B about Tipu Sultan. The inferences, that Tipu was a 'fierce fighter' and 'powerful', were supported by the source.

This section explains how the candidate could have improved each answer. This helps you to interpret the standard of Cambridge exams and helps your learners to refine their exam technique.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

• **(b)** Many candidates either wrote about the history or background to Source B, or simply described what they saw in Source B. Candidates needed to draw an inference from the source and say what the source made them think about an issue. Then they needed to support that inference with what could be seen in the source.

Often candidates were not awarded marks because they misread or misinterpreted the questions.

Lists the common mistakes candidates made in answering each question. This will help your learners to avoid these mistakes and give them the best chance of achieving the available marks.

Question 1

Example Candidate Response – high	Examiner comments
1 a) Over Victoria was made the empless of India to link the monarchy more closely? with India and underline British's poosition as a world power. She saw madig as a jewel in the crown of her empire. She saw India as a land to be governed by British's justice to grant protection to the people of India 1 b) I can infer that Tipy Sultan was a fierce fighter the isnot abull scared of frightened at from the tiger reather he is fighting with his have hands without the use of his sword. I can see the blood coming out of the tiger's mouth due to the power full attack of Tipy. Instead Tipy, the liger is distressed and frightened to an extent that he could not stand property. Not a single wound can be seen on Tipu's body, which	1 The candidate makes four clear points here, although only three are needed to be awarded the marks. Mark for (a) = 3 out of 3
usund can be seen on Tipu's body, which indicates to weakness of tiger and power of Tipu as the Sultan of Mystire. 2 c) The railways changed the Entire intrastructure of India. Indians thought of it as British's attempt to mobilize their troops and attach the Indian faces. It was seen as a source of spreading a power and inducing fear of British into the heavish of Indians.	2 The candidate draws two inferences from Source B about Tipu Sultan. They support their inferences that Tipu was a 'fierce fighter' and 'powerful' with evidence from the source. Mark for (b) = 5 out of 5
The telecommunication and transportation facilities enrourlages the dometric trade. However, the movement of cotton to British's textile industry 1 led to unemployment in Indian's hand weaving business. India was alcobeneliting from the industrial	3 The candidate gives their first explanation.4 The candidate gives a second more developed explanation.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments sevolution of England. They also got the oppured unity to Liard for tourism and business. Some of flow were content and happy due to the development Britair nas bringing into India. 6 The candidate successfully gives two explanations of the War of independence started in 1857 after Mangal impacts of railways on the lives lander refused to touch the greate rantridge. After of Indian people in the nineteenth century. Their second explanation is his jelual many other Indians were encouraged to do the same, thus they were of arrested rather more developed so they are awarded 7 marks. which led to uprising in Meerns. Different alounc at different places found for their Mark for (c) = 7 out of 7 distelent aims. There were skirmishes it against British to a chieve distrevent objectives. Nama sahib of Kanpur made an agreement with Blitish, which they were unable to carry out. Thus, he muhilized Hoops against him. Ranio & Ja Thansi lakehmibaj was initially sided with British, but after come differences, she faug w The candidate gives a against them for her own course. Some inauted developed explanation. 3ell rule, some conted a little liberation while others warried power along with Brith's resources. Millims were united under the Mughal Sompetor Bahadui Snah Zalar Honever, this unity now not that effective as to emperor was just seen as a figure read. There was no proper leader Ship. Local leaders of different communitie, The kanpur and thoury did not consulted each other. Funthermore the lack of planning also lead to the down fall of Indiana After the uprising in Moorut, an unplanned war 7 The candidate identifies the was waged with no pipper aims of issue but it lacks development. Their answer is in Level 2 at this point.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments Not all Indiang were egget to drive British out India. Vunjay and NWFP had been armered bietor they were not The candidate gives a developed explanation here. an army of 2000 to a unpowder Example the Indian le ader The candidate gives a further developed explanation here. The answer moves into Level 4. 10 The candidate needs to add more depth to their final explanation it can be concluded that to take it beyond a summary. aims among the ladicum Mark for (d) = 9 out of 10 Total mark awarded = 24 out of 25

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate correctly identified four reasons stated in Source A about why Queen Victoria was made Empress of India, however they only needed to identify three.
- **(b)** The candidate drew two inferences from Source B about Tipu Sultan. The inferences that Tipu was a 'fierce fighter' and 'powerful', were supported by the source.
- **(c)** The candidate successfully gave two explanations of the impacts of railways on the lives of Indian people in the nineteenth century. The second explanation was rather more developed and so they were awarded 7 marks.
- (d) The candidate provided a strong analysis of the reasons why the War of Independence was relatively short-lived. The candidate began with a developed explanation of different aims of Indian groups in 1857 as required by the question and their examples were relevant and helpful to the explanation. The answer moved into Level 4 when they provided a developed explanation of the weakness of the Indian army contrasted with the strength of the British forces. The candidate attempted an evaluation but it read more as a summary of arguments already made. To improve their answer and be awarded full marks, the candidate needed to make a judgement which was supported with evidence.

Example Candidate Response – middle **Examiner comments** Q, , Queen Victoria son made Berjania Discoels 1 The candidate correctly identifies three reasons from Source A about why Queen Victoria was made Empress of India. be governed by Irdia a place full of Mark for (a) = 3 out of 3 & Tipu Sitten wher of feets dauntley warn'or that anjone and is boodly injured to or the 7411 can Edox Tips Sultien The candidate draws two inferences from Source B regarding Tipu Sultan's bravery and power. They support both with information بجام that can be seen in the source. Mark for (b) = 5 out of 5 space and eavier

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued **Examiner comments** transports their good safely. Also good, the are tronsported quickly without eny throat a there were goods to poster the goods. Marcoici therelling take over time on foot and cycles now due to these trains reach there destination \$40 60 mis opionimotely The people du don't need to Mavel in sich a sunny day as the trains to Furthermore, during on was the people and British people can easily 3 The candidate identifies but does not explain three impacts of to different places. They can the railways on the Indian people in the nineteenth century. These also call for the pureapons identifications are superficial and places quickly and can been handle to lack focus so the answer is placed fibriin Level 2. Mark for (c) = 4 out of 7 The wor of holepence was 1867 was short-lived 1 as the per testia people of rollo the 400 bill whood whith stationarth have pasty unity that the Hindu were reparately with the British and throlling were fighting The Rang of Fethani was been fighting of anter Both Hindus and Prolims were

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued **Examiner comments** The candidate does not go beyond identification. The sikhs and pathons This is a stronger, more developed paragraph. 6 The candidate struggles to go beyond identification here. Mark for (d) = 4 out of 10 different Total mark awarded = 16 out of 25

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (c) The candidate identified three impacts of the railways on the Indian people in the nineteenth century, but to improve their answer, they needed to explain these. Their identifications were superficial and lacked focus.
- **(d)** The candidate provided an explanation for the short life of the War of Independence. Their explanation concerned different aims (in this case loyalties) of Indian groups but it lacked development and clarity.

Example Candidate Response – low

1 A Benjamen Disroesi Said this would link monorchy more close with India and would indertine britans position as a world power. 1 1 B We can learn that he was quite brave and 2 Courageous He was very outgoing and that he was a risk taker. There wasn't much that he was exared ext. This image portrays him fighting 3 with a tiger which can show that his strength is beyond the strength of a tiger and when he wants to get something done there isn't anything that can get in his way. You can also see in source it that the tiger is no mous match for him and he is successfully acheving his goal therefore technically to can be said that he 4 is stronger them a tiger. 1 C Pallways had a huge impact, They were the main source of transportation and trade. Without Railways had a huge impact, They were the main source of transportation and trade. Without Railways there would have love to barely any would be no where it is todery. In the 19th Century when the India was slowly started to gain recognition and through that people wand after come to Indea through Tailways therefore building its economy due to tourism. Overall valuence they helped build tha leaneny in many woulf.

Examiner comments

1 The candidate identifies two reasons given in Source A for Queen Victoria being made Empress of India. They need to identify one more to be awarded all marks.

Mark for (a) = 2 out of 3

2 The candidate makes an unsupported inference.

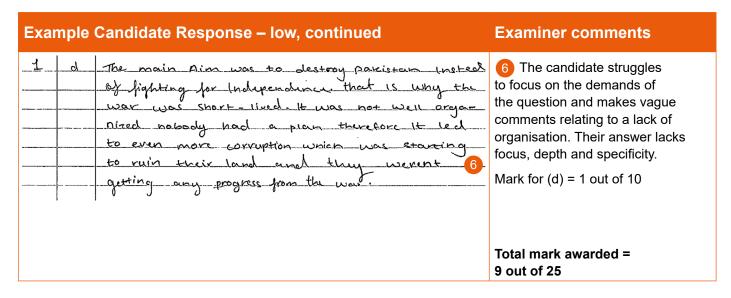
3 The candidate makes a supported inference and the answer moves to Level 3.

4 The candidate draws two inferences regarding Tipu Sultan's bravery and strength but they only support the second inference. They need to support this inference with an additional feature about Tipu's bravery from the source to be awarded full marks.

Mark for (b) = 4 out of 5

The candidate correctly identifies that railways were crucial for transport and trade but doesn't develop this sufficiently. The candidate could mention the consolidation of British control and the provision of a cause for Indian opposition to be awarded more marks.

Mark for (c) = 2 out of 7



How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate identified two reasons given in Source A for Queen Victoria being made Empress of India. They needed to identify one more reason to be awarded full marks.
- **(b)** The candidate drew two inferences regarding Tipu Sultan's bravery and strength though only the second inference was supported. To improve their answer, the candidate needed to use an additional feature from the source to support the inference about Tipu's bravery.
- (c) The candidate correctly identified that railways were crucial for transport and trade but needed to develop this point more. To improve their answer, the candidate could have mentioned the consolidation of British control and the provision of a cause for Indian opposition.
- (d) The candidate needed to focus on the demands of the question. They provided only vague comments relating to a lack of organisation and the answer lacked focus and specificity.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

- (a) Most candidates were awarded 2 or 3 marks on this question as a result of making correct identifications. When candidates scored less than three marks it was usually because they provided only one or two identifications. This may seem like a marginal issue but the addition of three to five marks on these low-tariff questions could improve a candidate's overall outcome by a grade. Some answers were very long and candidates needed to remember that they only needed to give three reasons for full marks. This question could be answered in three sentences or three bullet points; anything more was unnecessary and a waste of candidates' time.
- **(b)** Many candidates either wrote about the history or background to Source B, or simply described what they saw in Source B. Candidates needed to draw an inference from the source and say what the source made them think about an issue. Then they needed to support that inference with what could be seen in the source.
- (c) The question required explanations of the impacts of railways on the lives of the Indians in the nineteenth century. There were some irrelevant responses about the impact of railways on the subcontinent relating to the mass migration at the time of partition. Others could only identify such generic words as 'ease' and 'quickness' regarding the benefits of introducing railways in India. The most successful answers usually provided three clear paragraphs, each one focusing on one impact. Those paragraphs should state an impact of the railways and support that statement with evidence, thereby explaining it. Supporting evidence might include relevant detail concerning events, names and dates.
- (d) Many candidates focused on the reasons why the war was caused and only made a brief reference about why it did not last long. The most effective answers began with supported discussions of the different aims of Indian groups; clear examples were given, making reference to events and dates. These answers discussed other factors for the short life of the War of Independence, not identified in the question. The question required candidates to bring into their answers some knowledge gleaned from their wider study. Strong answers addressed the relative strengths of the Indian and British forces and supported their discussions with relevant, accurate information. Other answers however were poorly organised, vague and lacked focus and supporting detail.

Question 2

Example Candidate Response – high Examiner comments was a tax imposed Muslin 1 The candidate provides four features to describe the Jizya Tax. Mark for (a) = 4 out of 4 رحي The candidate gives a strong developed explanation. 3 This is not quite so well developed, but is a good Level 3 explanation.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued

Examiner comments

	Also, there were sectarian differences among the Shias and Sunnis. 4 Shah walintah wanted them to focus on the basic principles of Islam and put aside their differences. So he wrote an account on the four caliphs that was acceptable by both Shias and Sunnis. Thus it improved their relations and Shah Walintah got a lot of praise for his overall revival of Islam.
(2) (0)	Sir Syrd Ahmed Khan was one of the Muslim leaders and tirelessly worked for the betterment of the Muslims.
	Ite made the two nation theory in his political reforms by after the exprising of 1857 he observed that the three Hindux were working for their interests and didn't care about the Muslims. Further the Urdu-Hindi controvery started in which they demanded Hindi to be the official language. This led to his two nation theory stating that Hindus and Muslims were two different kinds of people and thus 6 cant live together and needed to seperate from Hindus.
-	Also, to improve relations with the British and Muslims, he wrote the

- 4 The candidate gives another well-developed explanation in this paragraph.
- The candidate provides three clearly focused paragraphs on the reasons why Shah Waliullah was considered to be an important figure for the Muslim Community in the eighteenth century. Paragraphs one and three are considered to be developed explanations because of the strength of accurate, relevant supporting detail included.

Mark for (b) = 7 out of 7

6 This is a good, strong paragraph containing developed ideas. As directed by the question, the candidate begins with a discussion of the Two-Nation Theory and includes enough details to ensure this is a developed explanation.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued

Examiner comments

7 The candidate's answer moves into Level 4 because they consider other contributions not named in the question.

8 The candidate considers other contributions here and their answer is rather more developed than the paragraph immediately above which places the answer in Level 4.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued **Examiner comments** The candidate writes another well-developed paragraph. The answer moves to Level 4 because they consider Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's writing and contributions to education. 10 The candidate makes the judgement that the most important contribution was the Two-Nation Theory and supports this with reference to its influence on later thinkers which places the answer in Level 5. esolution (1940) Mark for (c) = 13 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 24 out of 25

How the candidate could have improved their answer

(c) The candidate needed to further develop their judgement/evaluation to be awarded full marks.

Example Candidate Response – middle

(6) The fizze Tex Day imposed on the reason behind the uprising against him. Shieh Well Wilch was a very important Require for the Thuslim. He kelt that unallant practices had coept into Thuslim lives and with the passage of time it would be back to distinguish a musliment from a months the theories and Person or that the people could inderstand and could implement them. The relies believed that the social as a feture of Muslim was due to the as a Muslim not reciting among and forgetting to consings. He herefore waste trapslated the ourse in the Person is the people could inderstand it and implement a sitil scapings. The also didn't believe in Sectarism the told of people that there were no shie-summi conflicts during the time of the words on account in the first to all sectarism he words and single the first to a sectorism. The first and sectorism he words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words and single and summing the time of the words.

Examiner comments

1 The candidate gives two features that describe the Jizya Tax. They need to provide two more to be awarded full marks.

Mark for (a) = 2 out of 4

2 The candidate's identifications move the answer into Level 2.

- 3 The candidate gives a Level 3 explanation, but it lacks development.
- 4 The candidate writes a stronger paragraph which shows a more developed explanation.
- 5 The candidate provides a good answer to the question; it is organised into three clear paragraphs. The first is a little disjointed as it makes an identification of un-Islamic practices and then Shah Waliullah's authorship of 51 books.

Mark for (b) = 7 out of 7

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued Examiner comments A lot of factors contributed to the development OF Pokistant movement during the 18th century 6 6 The candidate's imprecise introduction suggests that they do not fully understand the requirements of the question. The candidate briefly describes the work of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan soid: that a Muslim deserve a seperate homeland and notably the Two-Nation Theory. It is a Level 3 explanation here and has not been developed. Address of 1930 was also very certion development of Pakistan Movement. It annual segment of All-Indian Muslim. which was chaired by Allan Q ighal. Allane seperate state 8 This paragraph is not relevant to the question. Mark for (c) = 7 out of 14 Pokista - Movement. It showed and major beader Muslim leaders being oppressed in every Total mark awarded = The introduction of wording scheme at and 16 out of 25 Schene led to Mulin enger and hence homeland was strenghtened

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate needed to identify two more relevant features/points to be awarded full marks.
- **(b)** The candidate identified un-Islamic practices and then Shah Waliullah's authorship of 51 books. Their answer fell short of a developed explanation, and they needed to clearly explain the impact of these books.
- (c) The candidate needed to maintain a sharper and better sustained focus on Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's other work to take their answer to Level 4.

Example Candidate Response - low **Examiner comments** (O)2 Tizya way a tax in Prophet book it was taken form Tens and other tribes which was not port of Arost Gamile community. It was to paid on In Bt and 19th Courtbury it was also taken by them. It was compulsor to pay if they don't pay it then then it was paid 1 The candidate's description of the Jizya Tax is not clear. They government. identify two features but their answer lacks focus and is vague. Mark for (a) = 2 out of 4 O2 Shed Matighal easier he wrote books related to Aslam and it's teaching the cutso translated the Ouran into 1 for Lotter understranstry the work was published all over the Emphe and many people Came to know about Islam become of him. He also told the people the we are Mullim and told!

Example Candidate Response – low, continued Examiner comments gots post or moles in Aslam so they stop The candidate provides a single paragraph regarding the work of Shah Waliullah. They struggle to maintain focus though the impact O2 (c) with the statement that Two Nation of his translation of the Quran is plan of Sir Syed Ahmed Ichan. clear. The candidate needed to show similar clarity on two of Shah Waliullah's other contributions to be awarded full marks. Mark for (b) = 5 out of 7 tortured religion. Their lands were Sand and H The candidate presents a limited biography of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and the points they make are not developed. Their answer reads as a narrative rather than a lucid. coherent answer directed towards the question set. Mark for (c) = 3 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 10 out of 25

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate provided a lengthy but rather confused description of the Jizya Tax. They identified two clear features but their answer needed to be more focused and clear.
- **(b)** To improve their answer and be awarded full marks, the candidate needed to explain two more of Shah Waliullah's other contributions.
- **(c)** The candidate needed to further develop the points they made in their answer. It read as a narrative rather than a clearly expressed, coherent answer directed towards the question set.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

- (a) Some candidates needed to demonstrate more knowledge about the given subject, Jizya Tax. Answers could be presented relatively briefly in either four sentences or four bullet points.
- **(b)** Some candidates included little relevant information in their answers. As a result, their answers were often brief or unfocused. Some candidates also lacked organisation in their answers and did not develop the points they made. They only needed to give three clear and distinct paragraphs and each paragraph needed to contain an identified reason supported with accurate historical information such as events or dates.
- (c) This question demanded some knowledge of the work of Sir Syed Ahmad Khan in contribution to the Pakistan Movement. The most effective answers began with analyses of his Two-Nation Theory, as indicated by the phrasing of the question and moved beyond this to consider his other offerings. However, some candidates tended to focus only on the Two-Nation Theory and ignored Sir Syed Ahmad Khan's other works. Some candidates wrote vague, unfocused answers which ignored sentencing and paragraphing and lacked precise detail and supporting evidence.

Question 3

Example Candidate Response – high Examiner comments In 1920 the leader of Khilafat movement 'Var wh Harb, a land declared India as where the friday and eid players could not be carried out due - ot non muslims: 12 migration a langovernme such large number hope places and found their nomes and jobs accompanied. They reautered and loosed to be in Child The candidate indentifies more movement. Hence it became to than four correct features of the thisalat movement Hijrat Movement. Mark for (a) = 4 out of 4 November 1930 Simon commission to an agreement bach const ution and law nee not in the state of giving rule to India , flew flew testo regotiate with Indians Hence

in

Example Candidate Response - high, continued **Examiner comments** the first journed textile conference took the house of parliament It's main beadless This is a strong and well-However, longress, and developed paragraph. for this non cooperation Not much was dehieved 3 The candidate writes three very clear paragraphs and offers explanations for there being three separate Round Table Conferences between 1930 and 1932. These

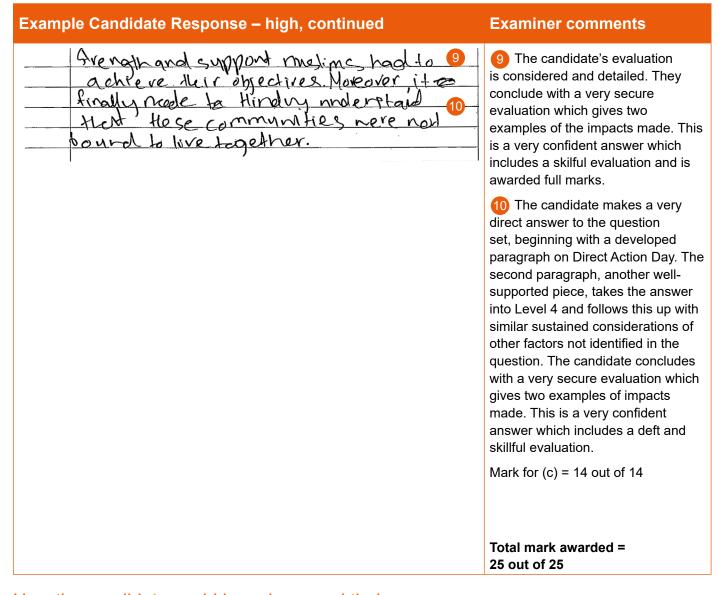
paragraphs link the failure of Round Table Conferences to the

Mark for (b) = 7 out of 7

need for subsequent conferences quite clearly and move away from description (Level 2) and into explanation. The first paragraph is considered to be developed.

answer into Level 4.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments Tinnah asked numms for their last try independent analseperate "lakistar Britishwould The candidate gives a very direct answer to the question 411ing which set, beginning with a developed @ casualities paragraph on Direct Action Day which places the answer at Level 3. On the annual section of the Mirto Park myling adalled This paragraph is a welldemaind as lakistar supported piece which looks at 10501 which Direct Action Day and takes the



How the candidate could have improved their answer

(a) The candidate identified four correct features of the Hijrat Movement. This was a very long answer that could easily have been compressed into four sentences without any loss of marks.

Example Candidate Response – middle

Examiner comments

1001		
<u> </u>	<u>a) </u>	During the Khilafat Movement 1919-1924, the
		Hijrat Movement took place India was obclared
		Div-ul-Harb (a land where non muslims
	,	nule) the muslins were asked to move to a
		place which is Dar-ul-Islam. Mainly 18000
		people leaving their jobs and houses
;		went to Afghanistan to the hipat movement
		The told the musins about the migration
		Probate Imigration Rose Model Medical
		Prophets Migration from Makk-Madinah.
03 k	<u>~</u>	Parind Table (00/0 ball to
03 1	را	Round Table Conferences were held to
		decide the future of India Good First Round
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Table Conference was held in November 1930.
		They were held in London. All the parties
	·.	attended it and made federation of
		India. Gandhi was in jail because of his
		non cooperation movemment so no important
		statement to be accepted without him.
		statement to be occepted willout him. Gandhi Irwin Bect was signed after
	1.	which he was released from 'pil.
	.:	
	,	Then Second Round Table Conference
		took place from Sep-Dec 1931. All the
		parties attended it Gondhi said religious
	. ,	Gondhi and Jinnah made a issue of
		minorabies Gandhi said veligious liberty
		was enough where as Jinnah was
		an adequate constitution for muslim
		Both pointies struck on this thus the
		conference ended.

1 The candidate writes a clearly directed answer and correctly identifies four features of the Hijrat Movement.

Mark for (a) = 4 out of 4

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued

Examiner comments

	,	70 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Then they decided to held a 3rd Round
		Table conference in which all odds were
·	<u></u>	accepted Communal Awayd was also
	'.	launched by Ramsay MacDonald but
		accepted Communal Award was also launched by Ramsay MacDonald but the issue didn't resolved. That's Why 2
		3 round Table Conferences were hold.
		the state of the s
<u>Q3</u>	_c)	Direct Action Day was more significant because muslims. Showed their strenght.
<u> </u>		because muslims. Showed their strongut.
		and stood for themselves to They know
	,	.That if British left without questioning
		the Policistan a seperate and independent homeland after that it will not happen
,	:	homeland after that it will not happen
	<u> </u>	India wanted their own self rule from
		British and wanted seperate and
	,	dependent homeland While muslims
.,		dependent homeland While muslims didn't usent this because they were had
	***************************************	already seen the MC Mile 1937-1939
		in which they started brain washing of the Students in school.
		of the Students in school.
	٠,	After the World War 2 the Cripps mission
		Plan wan launched in which the said
	, . <i>,</i>	that they will going to give dominion
	, ,	that they will going to give dominion Status after the war They said any
		Drowing can pot go out of the Union
		province can opt go out of the Union Both Gandlin and Jinnah rejected it.
	١,	for different reason. Jinnah didnit Weed
	,	the opting out clause whereas
	1	Gandli said a post dated cheque
		on a failing bank.
		,

2 The candidate neatly organises their answer into the suggested three paragraphs. They describe the Round Table Conferences instead of explaining why each one was felt to be necessary.

Mark for (b) = 4 out of 7

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued

Examiner comments

After that Gandhi launched his Quit India
Movement. Theire were humors of Tapanes
Attack Through Russia who had already
captured Singapore W. hold strikes to
captured Singapone Me held strikes to throw British out but the That's why
Bushitch 1990 Proceed by 1900 white American
measure like aexial bombing.
Gandhi Jinnah talks were rejected held
after the Gandhi was released from
jail The talks were held at Jinnah's
house in Bombay. After some success
The talks ende in falue. Gardhe
rejected the two ration theron, and
want of a convert street, till the day of
of British from India Gandhi wantd
the defence and foreign affairs
of British from India Gandhi wanted the defence and foreign affairs to be with the control while Jinnah
wanted them to be with the
provincial
Stanta foon Simila Conference / Wavell Plan
us hold in the British sent usuall
and usuall asked them that the
executive council would have equal
number of seats hinde and Muslins
Slection was hald in 1945 to make
Election were held in 1945, to make a executive council for India Muslim
won 100% seats in Central mount
won 100% seats in Central government and 446/493 seats in the provincial
and this the Bothsh or musting began
Their rule.

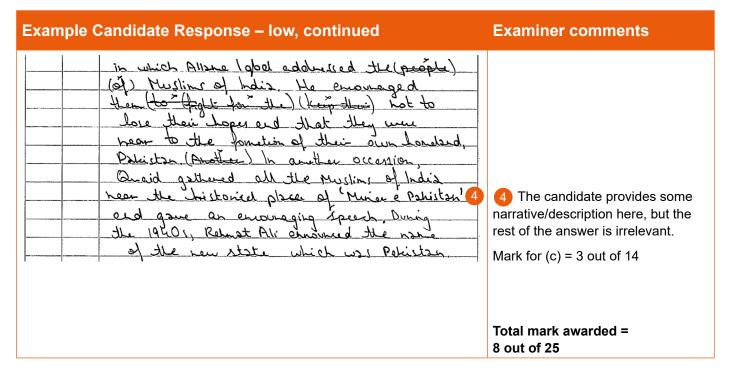
Example Candidate Response – middle, continued **Examiner comments** Cabinet Mission Plan uses hold in Which they decided a one unit scheme in Which There will be 3 place each dominion status They included: hindus, muslims and ML accepted problems amono failed shour T synificant remained: silord The candidate organises their Thou answer into discrete paragraphs but rather than explaining the role of W Direct Action Day in the 1940s, they provide a rather vague narrative. Mark for (c) = 6 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 14 out of 25

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- **(b)** The candidate needed to explain why there were Three Round Table Conferences rather than give a description of each conference.
- **(c)** The candidate needed to explain the significance of Direct Action Day in the creation of Pakistan rather than provide a vague narrative of events. This would have improved their answer and taken it to Level 3.

Example Candidate Response – low	Examiner comments
As a, The Hijtok Movement was attented by the Muslims (in oppos) to some the state of Turkey ord the Khilafat. After the world war III, (Both) Muslims feemed that Turkey would be treated the same way like it allies, Austria and Carmany. They feared that their rights would not be protected by the Birtish when the Treaty of Serves was amounced in which it will triad that Turkey would be split up Muslims and Hindus Attated the Hijsok Movement which included protects and wrest. As by The Idiams was not coming to an agreement on how they should be governed. They rejected all the proposals as it did not growt them self rule so, the Birtish devided to hold Round Table Conferences to divus! the demands of the Indians. The fink Round Table Conference was held in November 1930.	1 The candidate makes one correct identification. Mark for (a) = 1 out of 4

Example Candidate Response – low, continued **Examiner comments** It was attended by the Muslim league and . Gordhi mos himoities would be safequaided British derided that 2 The candidate provides a narrative of the Round Table Conferences without explaining why they were necessary. Q 3 Quaid e Asan Mohanned Ali Jihnah Mark for (b) = 4 out of 7 Pokistan The Direct to the creation of Pokiston (The Polis 3 The candidate addresses the Allstated Address was also question in a basic manner so their answer stays at Level 1.



How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate needed to describe the Hijrat Movement with supporting details. They could have included that
 it was a religious protest against British government, it took place in 1920 and many migrants died on the return
 journey.
- **(b)** The candidate needed to explain why there were three Round Table Conferences, rather than give a narrative about what the conference was.
- (c) The candidate appeared to know very little about the role and importance of Direct Action Day and had difficulty
 sustaining a focused answer. They needed to provide correct information and tie the relevant information they did
 provide to the question properly.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

- (a) Many candidates wrote a much longer answer than was necessary.
- **(b)** Many candidates did not provide a detailed enough description of the conferences, for example including registers of attendance and why three were held. Many explained why the first conference was held but then just described the events of the following two. The question asked candidates to explain why they were held, so they needed to link the failure of the previous conference.
- (c) Most candidates did not focus on the key elements of the question and described instead of explained. Some candidates were confused about which events were the most relevant, especially as some included those in the 1930s which were irrelevant.
- (c) Candidates needed to consider and evaluate the contribution of Direct Action Day to the creation of Pakistan and the question imposed a time frame of the 1940s. Some found it difficult to relate how the different events contributed to the creation of Pakistan. They could have included the Cripps Mission and the Quit India Resolution, both in 1942, or the Cabinet Mission Plan of 1946. Higher level answers discussed Direct Action Day, made detailed explanations of its significance, supported this with relevant, accurate evidence and then moved on to other factors, as suggested above. The most effective answers concluded with evaluations of the role of the various factors and so gave a direct, supported answer to the question set.

Question 4

Exa	mple Candidate Response – high	Examiner comments
04	(a) The OIC stands for organization of islamic countries (council in it many muslim countries work together for bettement of Islamic world Pakistan is a part of It along with turkey are Iran. Mis organization base is a platform for palintain to present kashir Isane and ract to the Palestinian cause.	1 The candidate identifies four clear features of the Organisation of Islamic Countries. Mark for (a) = 4 out of 4
	b) Ayub khan came to power on 27th march 1958 and remain in power till 1969. There were a primber of reason which made Ayub Icham to Impare martial law and become the first ever cleef martial law administrator. One of the main reasons was the frequent changes in government after the death of Quid-e-Azam and liagal Hi khan. There were	

Example Candidate Response – high, continued	Examiner comments
a number of rules in between 1951-1958 industry khuja Nizzamuddin, Chulam Monammad, Islandin have and Brady Ayub Impured moutial law. Another version was Economic Instability that cave due to power shifting Ayub very power and declared that amy with bring stability and will workern principles of democracy with discipline. Are thought that all airil yulen were inefficient power hungry and corrept due to which pakistan had suffered much therefore he inefficient power hungry and a dissolved all anombles and constitution. Of Pakistah came into being on 14th Augus 11947 both India and pakistan were partitioned under by giving dominian status interm 1935's gertymment of India Detas Interm 1936's gertymment of India Detas Interm And were free to make their own laws and were free to make their own laws Pakistan were yet to be decided.	2 The candidate gives two explanations but does not develop them further so the answer is placed in Level 3. Mark for (b) = 6 out of 7
After Partition Pakistan remained a member of common realth and Still mantained dominionistratus. By UK and common realth helped Pakistan by praniding highly efficient afficient as pakistan was not yet producing sufficient number of afficient. In 1950 pakistan got pound 1 million from the common wealk of UK under columbo plan for the duelo procent of Sui gas project.	3 The candidate gives an explanation but it lacks development so the answer is placed in Level 3.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued **Examiner comments** Paleistan declared itself arepublic and shed dominion status. Question Moreonen in 1954 pakistan Signed MDAA/muteal defence agreement) under which all the commanuealth will help the country attacked by a communist state bu with India. Although pakisty The candidate describes and persuade the members to keep un army narrates rather than explains here all member this try was a fatime. which places the answer in Level 2. palustan signed SEATO (South east arian heaty organization). It also signed CENTO (central east ariun treaty organization) in 1955 honever it was not able to establish property in 1956 there were some falities as palestan was entical of Britain Invading Suez ka canal in South africe which wa britain for trade Moneover in 1965 Indo Pak war embargoes Impared on Paleistan so that the stupped. 1971 even India un nota communist accepted Bangladeshasa 5 The candidate gives details of the difficulties in the relationship so 1971 the answer moves to Level 4 here. common realth 1979 diving runiun Invasion and & 80 s palistan was given treating afghan migal 16 million aid to handle upnising in Balachistan due to their Successes palistran Common walth in 6 The candidate makes good use 1989 of data and statistics here. Therefore after he above discussion we

Example Candidate Response – high, continued **Examiner comments** Can conclude the the relations of Palistan The candidate provides a sound commentary on the nature of Commonuealth + UK have been fluctuation Pakistan's relations with the United occupied by both Kingdom (UK) and the along with falower such Commonwealth after 1947. They of Sucz canal and acceptance of explain some positive features of bangladesh therfore the relationship, which takes the the relations have been answer into Level 3. After some and have emperienced both good and brief comments, the answer moves times. since 1947 into Level 4 when the candidate details some of the difficulties or tensions in the relationship. There is some balance in the answer. Mark for (c) = 12 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 22 out of 25

- **(b)** The candidate presented two explanations but did not develop either of them. To improve their answer and be awarded full marks, they could have organised it into three lucid paragraphs, each one containing an explanation with some supporting information.
- (c) The candidate needed to evaluate the overall nature of Pakistan's relationship with the UK to be awarded full
 marks.

Example Candidate Response - middle PA a) OIC dands for Organization of Islamic countries OIC is basically a flat form where Muslim country help other Muslim country help other Muslim country help by different methods such as economically, politically Pakistan has remained a member of OIC Other 1 Hembers Include Turkey, Iran, Irag etc. OM b) Ayub khan came to power in Islamic countries, but only four are required. Mark for (a) = 4 out of 4 The first Problem he faced was that People of East Pakistan claimed that they

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued **Examiner comments** The candidate gives a narrative of events which lacks focus. The candidate gives a narrative of events which lacks focus and development. 4 The candidate presents an answer which lacks focus until the last paragraph, where they give some explanation for Ayub Khan's 04 assumption of power. Mark for (b) = 5 out of 7

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued **Examiner comments** • . The answer lacks detail here. 6 This is incorrect. The candidate needs to develop this section further. remained neutra

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued Examiner comments

Example Candidate Response – middle, continued	Examiner comments
So from above it can be concluded that through the difficult journey of Poleiston Brattan Britain always supported protected and helped Pakistan on different occasions so it is true to say that Pakistan was successful in its relation 8 with Commonwealth and Britain since 1947.	 8 The candidate's answer is vague, lacks direction and contains some inaccuracies. Mark for (c) = 5 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 14 out of 25

- **(b)** The candidate's answer lacked focus until the last paragraph, where they gave some explanation of Ayub Khan's assumption of power. To improve their answer, they needed to include more explanation of this quality.
- (c) To improve their answer and move it into Level 3, the candidate needed to constructing an argument based on the strength or lack of it in Pakistan's relationship with the UK after 1947 and support that with clear evidence.

Example Candidate Response – low	Examiner comments
based on pritish in which the reforms and every thing that the british announce would go through OIL: (b) Add Ayub than came into power in 1958 be cause he said that the army worthwill control pakistan and can stabilize it. He also had declared martial law. He said that his govern	1 The candidate demonstrates little knowledge about the identified issue so they are awarded no marks. Mark for (a) = 0 out of 4

Example Candidate Response – low, continued Examiner comments be more better than Istander Mirza which he said about him was that Istander Mirzas govern was not and were lot of cruis in his First Aunb offered to govern genral and he rejected. Now he saw that pakistin was getting weat and later the army would took place and cane The candidate makes a brief identification but then loses sight of the question and makes vague assertions and generalisations. agree with those because yes pakistan Mark for (b) = 2 out of 7 relation's with Unite Kingdom and common wealth 3 The candidate needs to nation and show evidence of the successful relationship between Pakistan that is whis bot and the UK. tingdom Mark for (c) = 4 out of 14 relation's with Total mark awarded = common wealth was also 6 out of 25 cause the common pgave much more

How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate demonstrated little knowledge about the identified issue.
- (b) The candidate made a brief identification but then lost sight of the question and only provided vague assertions
 and generalisations.
- (c) The candidate needed to provide an overview of each of the different sides of the issue. They could have included evidence of a successful relationship between Pakistan and the UK, perhaps in two detailed paragraphs containing specific appropriate information and then contrasted that with carefully chosen evidence of a more difficult relationship.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

- (a) Some candidates did not seem to be able to remember enough relevant information on the issue given.
- **(b)** Many candidates provided narratives of the event without explaining it, or why it might have been significant and some provided vague narratives which lacked depth or detail.
- (c) Some candidates described all they knew about the relationships, without attempting to explain the degree of their success.

Question 5

Example Candidate Response - high **Examiner comments** The cecurity of Tenure was. Zigs operalture reforms. It stated tennanti vere given a gurrate. 1 The candidate identifies two else. They also couldn't features of the Security of Tenure scheme: 'they could not sell their property' and 'they could not evict QJ) tenants'. (b) nuncrow Droblem Mark for (a) = 2 out of 4 refrendum 2 This is a Level 3 explanation that lacks development. 1 👈 · Tick: government 3 This is a Level 3 explanation that lacks development. Zie's government.

Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments Finally the strong opposition from PPD This is a Level 3 explanation that lacks development. The PPP had a strong hold his policies. The PPP had a 5 The candidate presents three the province of Sindly. This was a major clear issues affecting Zia-ul-Hag's government. As it is recommended, the candidate organises their answer into three clear and distinct QI)paragraphs, each one focusing on a (تُ) . iA lot of tectors contributed it given issue. Mark for (b) = 7 out of 7 6 The candidate writes a clearly focused, developed explanation here which places the answer in domoged her reputation Level 3. -lhat, femily The candidate's answer moves into Level 4 when they consider other factors not identified in question. toined another organisation "Al Zulliger territor Organistion"

in a police encounter in his residence in Karachi

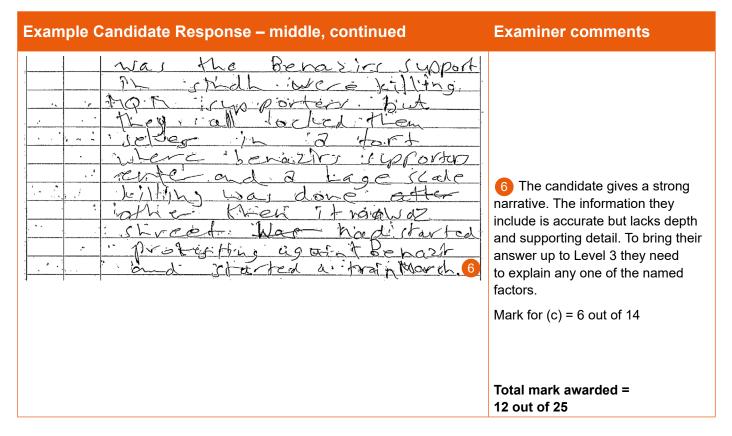
Example Candidate Response – high, continued Examiner comments Furthermore, , Zordon, her huband wer alleged to 8 The candidate writes a Level 4 paragraph but their explanation is limited. The candidate gives a stronger and developed explanation here so the answer moves into Level 4. The candidate gives a developed Level 4 paragraph. 11 The candidate's explanation here lacks development, though the answer is still in Level 4. 12 The candidate indicates an evaluation but does not make one. 13 The candidate provides a strong answer which gives a balanced assessment of factors involved in the replacement of Benazir Bhutto's government in 1996. Taking a lead from the question set, the candidate begins with privatisation and quickly moves to Level 3. Their answer moves to Level 4 when they consider other factors such as family feuds and economic issues. continos libelieur Mark for (c) = 12 out of 14 Total mark awarded = 21 out of 25

- (a) The candidate needed to give two more relevant points with supporting details such as the fact that Zulfikar Ali Bhutto introduced the scheme or tenant farmers were encouraged to make improvements to their lands.
- **(c)** The candidate wrote a successful conclusion. To improve their answer and take it into Level 5, they needed to evaluate the factors and make a clear, supported decision about which was most important.

Example Candidate Response – middle Examiner comments 1 The candidate gives no answer to the question, presumably because they are unable to recall any information regarding the Security of Tenure Scheme. Mark for (a) = 0 out of 4

Example Candidate Response - middle, continued Production of them of Palify Lawie Comments Amount of them of Palify Lawie Comments 2 The candidate makes a clear point about the issue of refugees confronting Zia-ul-Haq. This is a Level 3 explanation here. Another True was 7 tight broke countin Sunny and twiffing and religious arganisation supplied years them and Pinjan Than several madrage were appeared to them and Pinjan Than south the breakdown of law and order. This is a Level 3 explanation. 3 thank to Lange scale its law about the breakdown of law and order. This is a Level 3 explanation. 4 This paragraph lacks details. Mark for (b) = 6 out of 7

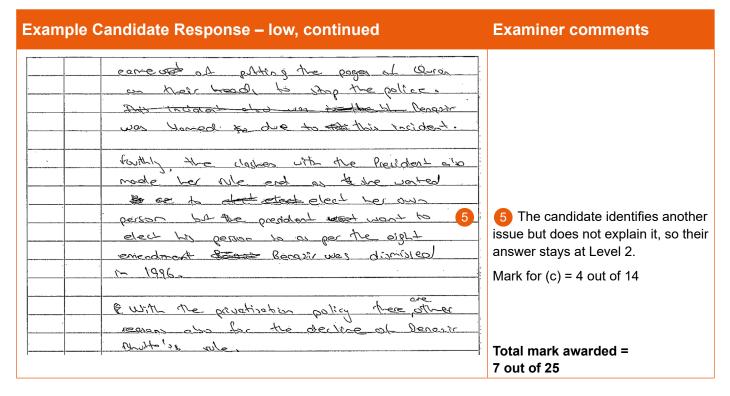
Example Candidate Response – middle, continued Examiner comments 5 The candidate gives a narrative of events with accurate information but they give no explanation. event



- (a) The candidate needed to answer the question.
- **(b)** The candidate made two clear points about the issues which confront Zia-ul-Haq, namely refugees and the breakdown in law and order. These were reasonably well explained and the candidate was awarded six marks. To improve their answer and be awarded full marks, the candidate needed to slightly develop either one of these issues with a specific event or example.
- **(c)** The candidate wrote a strong narrative. They included accurate information, but they needed to add depth and supporting detail and explain any of the named factors a little further to place their answer in Level 3.

Example Candidate Response – low Examiner comments The Security of Tenure schene un that the Tenne need to a tere vere Meat The candidate gives an answer the Tenure need to be more became but it contains nothing of merit, so apply to that I any onjone or ottach II they are awarded no marks. Terre would be note Mark for (a) = 0 out of 4 'ঠ'ই It became be more challenging for 210 w/- Hog to govern Pakistan during the late 1980> because \$ 210-11-Hay - a howing clashes with the fregist and also was having The candidate recognises that apposition from other parties Zia-ul-Haq faced opposition but they do not explain this. The answer is in Moreover 219's policies were very strict Level 2. people started hiting him. He when Islamigotion and made Introduced the peope were very disappointed and

Example Candidate Response – low, continued Examiner comments Los policies were not that much juccesifile the foreign policies and relations with other countries were not much successful. so the we end when he died in the plant 3 The rest of the candidate's describ crash and to didn't and other to answer is vague and lacks clarity. atesta othe Mark for (b) = 3 out of 7 Benazic alhato's privation policy was that 25 there should be more parate echools and edication to that the guerment whoils and private schools have entered as be smar i subject to children would have much spotter egrapion is bynate reposit. It nos o total forfailure which led existe Butto's reservent replace. Moreover Boress Bhotho's hyberd was bloned for for cotty corruption and later Berazir BhAto', as nother and Brother with were against Banazir due to her hybord. Benezir Bhotho's hurband we was accepted and when her brother died the people think that Benazir's hubard and the together planed and and midered 4 This is a Level 2 paragraph: the candidate identifies an issue but her bother as he was against Benazir does not explain it. Full-ernore the apposition from Me Wower Shapit didnot let her do any thing and later due to Picco Wile Massacre the police hilled many of the tell MOTA people that their wives and wildren



How the candidate could have improved their answer

- (a) The candidate needed to describe the Security of Tenure scheme with relevant points such as: Zulfikar Ali Bhutto introduced the scheme, he gave tenant farmers the first right of purchase of the land they worked on, the landowners could not sell the land to a third party or landowners had too much power or influence to make the scheme work.
- **(b)** To improve their answer, the candidate could have a sharper focus on the question by giving a more relevant reason why it became difficult for Zia-ul-Haq to govern Pakistan and explain the points made.
- **(c)** The candidate's answer lacked historical evidence. They made two identifications but needed to develop one of these and support it with accurate historical evidence (a date or event for example) for their answer to move up to Level 3.

Common mistakes candidates made in this question

- (a) Many candidates did not demonstrate enough knowledge about the Security of Tenure scheme.
- **(b)** Many candidates either provided brief identifications or elaborated narratives but, in either case, did not explain or develop their explanations with relevant historical evidence.
- (c) Many answers provided narrative and descriptive accounts which lacked in-depth development. Candidates should be urged to use such phrases as 'This was important because...' or 'As a result of this...'. Such 'language of explanation' as this would enable candidates to link their arguments to the question set and be awarded higher marks.