



# Cambridge O Level

CANDIDATE  
NAME

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CENTRE  
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**BIOLOGY**

**5090/22**

Paper 2 Theory

**October/November 2023**

**1 hour 45 minutes**

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

## INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

## INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 80.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

This document has **20** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



1 Cholera is caused by a type of organism that can be passed from one host to another.

(a) State the term used to describe

(i) a disease-causing organism

..... [1]

(ii) the type of disease in which the disease-causing organism is passed from one host to another.

..... [1]

(b) The disease-causing organism that causes cholera is a bacterium.

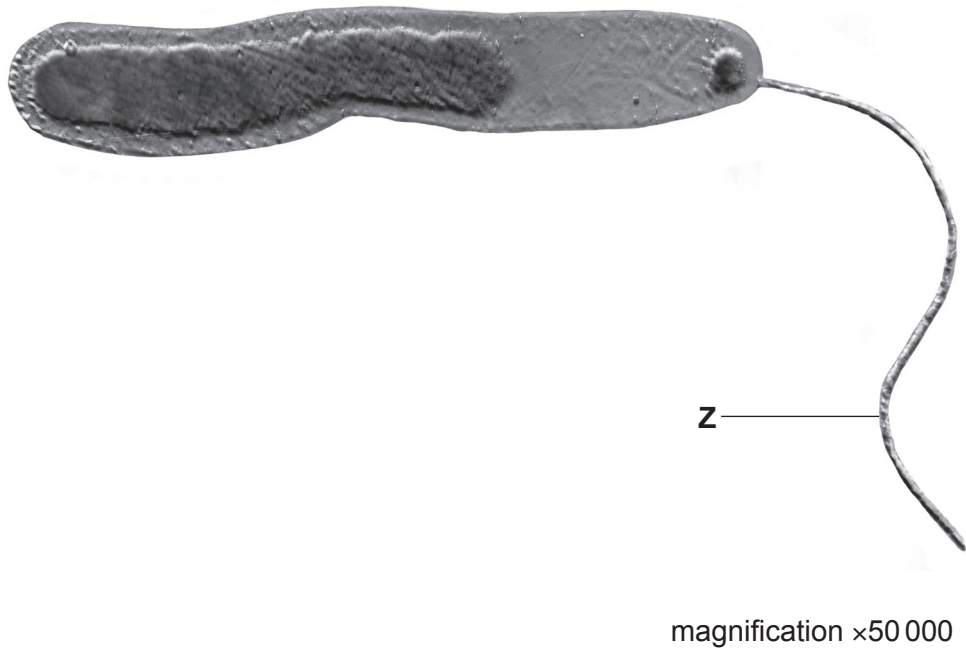
Complete Table 1.1 to list some of the structures present in a bacterial cell and the function of each structure.

**Table 1.1**

structure	function
ribosomes	.....
.....	small rings of DNA that carry genes
.....	controls the passage of substances into and out of the cell
cell wall	.....

[4]

(c) Fig. 1.1 shows a photograph of the bacterium that causes cholera.



**Fig. 1.1**

(i) The length of the bacterium in the photograph is 100 mm. Use this value to calculate the actual length of the bacterium in micrometres ( $\mu\text{m}$ ).  
Space for working.

.....  $\mu\text{m}$   
[2]

(ii) Use your knowledge of a type of specialised human cell to suggest the name of structure **Z** and to state its function.

name .....

function .....

.....  
[2]

(iii) The binomial name of this type of bacterium is *Vibrio cholerae*.

State the genus of this type of bacterium and **one** advantage of the binomial system of naming species.

genus .....

advantage .....

..... [2]

(iv) Explain how the presence of bacteria of this type in a human causes diarrhoea, one of the symptoms of cholera.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [4]

[Total: 16]

2 Fig. 2.1 shows a reindeer.



**Fig. 2.1**

Reindeer live in areas of the Arctic where there are no trees.

In some months of the year reindeer eat mostly grasses, ferns and mosses.

Reindeer are eaten by wolves and brown bears.

**(a)** Construct a food web to show the flow of energy between organisms in this ecosystem.

[4]

**(b)** In other months of the year reindeer eat an alternative source of food.

This alternative source of food contains a carbohydrate called lichenan.

Reindeer are the only animals that are able to digest lichenan.

**(i)** List the chemical elements that make up a molecule of lichenan.

..... [1]

(ii) State **one** advantage to reindeer of eating food that contains lichenan.

.....  
..... [1]

(iii) Use your knowledge of how cell function is controlled to suggest why other animals are **not** able to digest lichenan.

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

[Total: 8]





(c) Explain each of the following.

(i) Blood in vessel **S** has a lower concentration of urea than blood in vessel **R**.

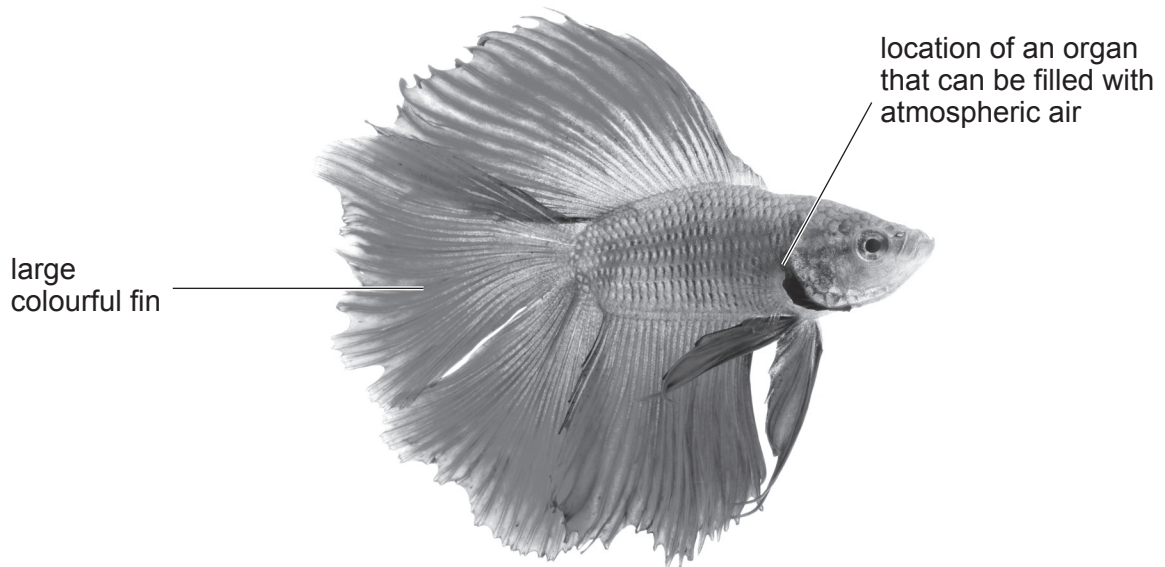
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

(ii) Blood in vessel **U** sometimes has a higher concentration of glucose than blood in vessel **T**.

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [3]

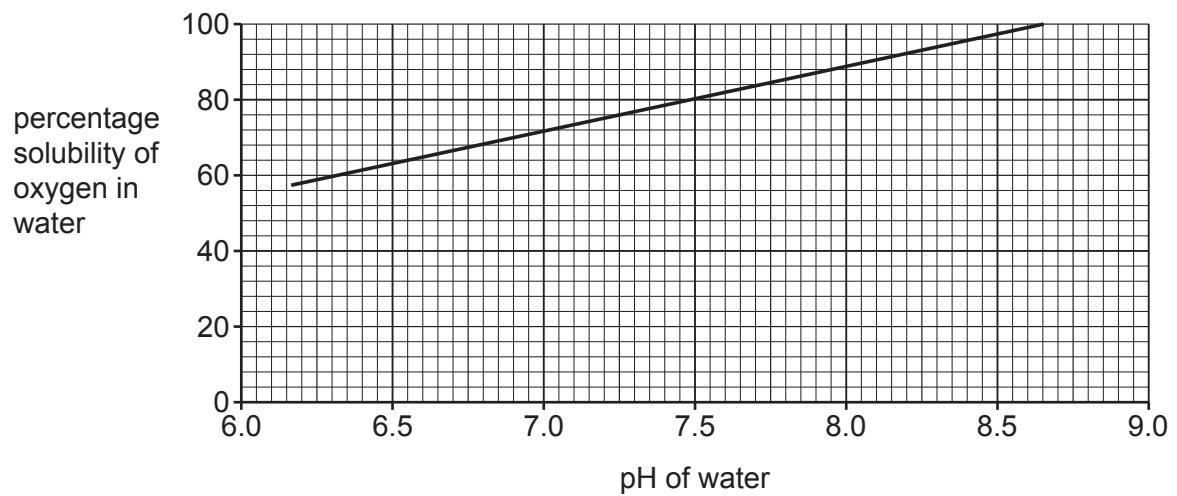
[Total: 12]

4 Fig. 4.1 shows a Siamese fighting fish that lives in fresh water.



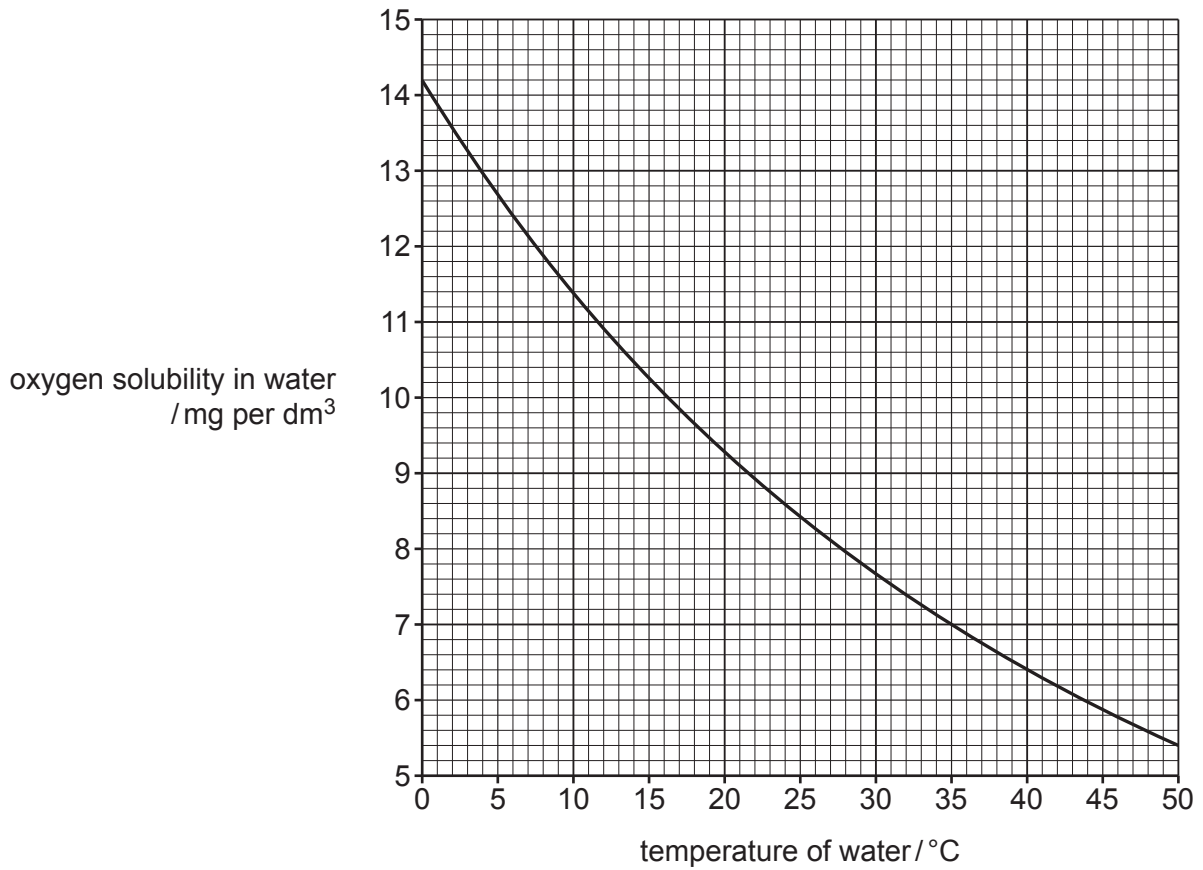
**Fig. 4.1**

Fig. 4.2 shows the effect of changing pH on the solubility of oxygen in water.



**Fig. 4.2**

Fig. 4.3 shows the effect of changing temperature on the solubility of oxygen in water.



**Fig. 4.3**

(a) Siamese fighting fish live in shallow water that can range in pH from 6.9 to 8.2 and in temperature from 15°C to 40°C.

(i) Use the information in Fig. 4.2 and Fig. 4.3 to explain how the conditions in which these fish live may be challenging.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [3]

(ii) All fish have gills that provide a gas exchange surface in water.

Siamese fighting fish also have an organ that has similar features to those of a human lung. These fish swim to the surface of water to take air from the atmosphere into this organ.

Explain the advantage to Siamese fighting fish of also having this organ.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

..... [4]

(b) Siamese fighting fish have 42 chromosomes in each diploid cell.

State each of the following.

(i) the named structure in each diploid cell that contains the chromosomes

..... [1]

(ii) the type of nuclear division that produces gametes

..... [1]

(iii) the number of chromosomes in each gamete of the Siamese fighting fish.

..... [1]



5 A student investigates the use of an enzyme in fruit juice production.

The student carries out the following steps:

- cuts one apple into small pieces
- puts the same number of pieces into each of three beakers, **A**, **B** and **C**
- adds  $2\text{ cm}^3$  of a dilute enzyme solution to the apple in beakers **A** and **B**
- adds  $2\text{ cm}^3$  of distilled water to the apple in beaker **C**
- places each beaker in a water-bath at a constant temperature for 30 minutes
- filters the juice from each beaker into a separate measuring cylinder and records the volume of juice collected in each measuring cylinder.

(a) (i) Identify the enzyme that the student should add to the apple in beakers **A** and **B**.

..... [1]

(ii) Outline the reason why the student set up beaker **C**.

.....  
..... [1]



6 Fig. 6.1 is a cross-section of a plant leaf.

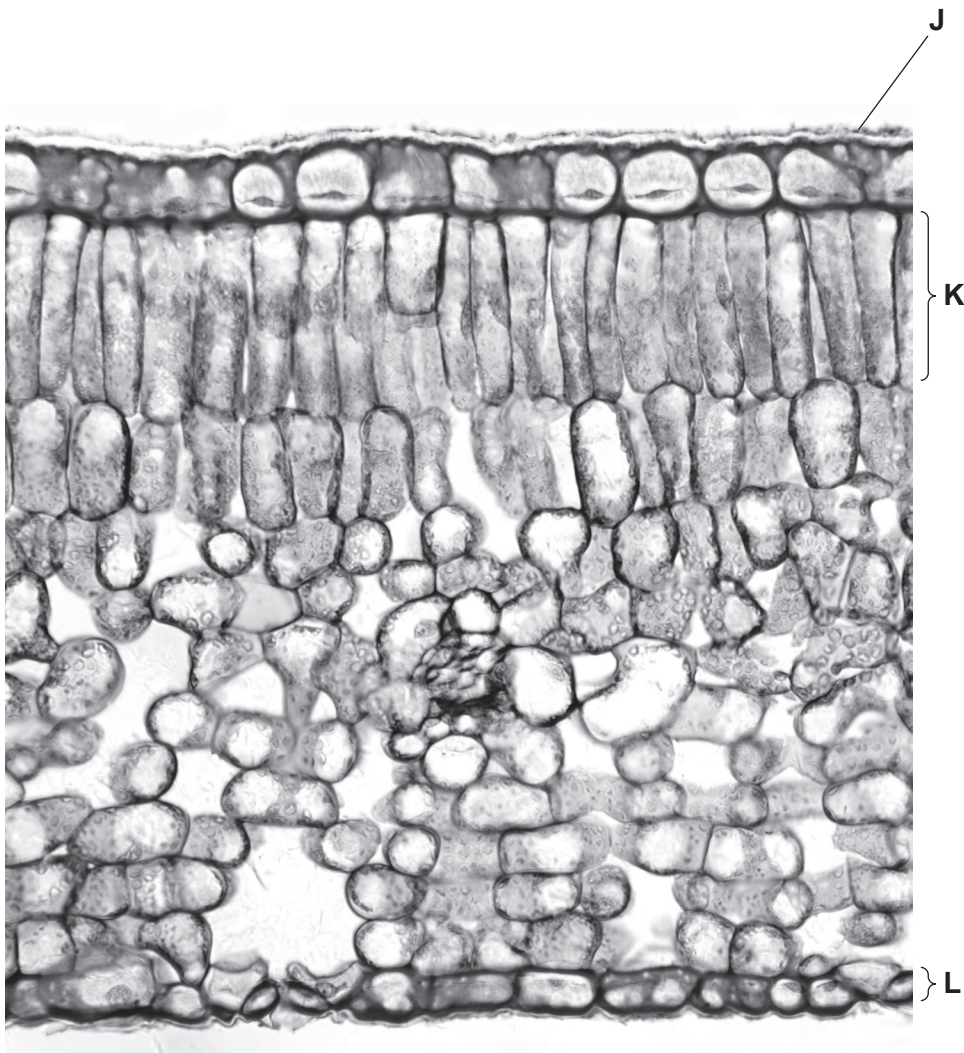


Fig. 6.1



(a) Identify each of **J**, **K** and **L** and explain the importance of each in the process of photosynthesis.

**J** .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**K** .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

**L** .....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[6]

(b) Name and describe the function of **one** tissue found in the vascular bundle of a leaf.

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

[4]

[Total: 10]

7 Mangrove trees grow in forests that form an important coastal ecosystem.

Mangrove forests have a high biodiversity, with many different animal species found in them.

(a) Describe what is meant by each of the following terms.

(i) ecosystem

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]

(ii) biodiversity

.....  
..... [1]

(iii) species

.....  
.....  
.....  
..... [2]



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