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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2006 question paper

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/04

Paper 4 Maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

The minimum marks in these components needed for various grades were previously published with these mark schemes, but are now instead included in the Report on the Examination for this session.

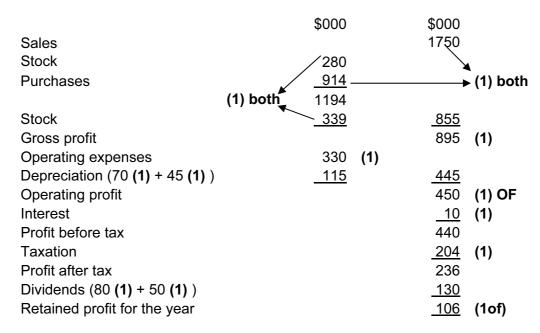
• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2006 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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1 (a) Franken Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 28 February 2006



[12]

(b) Balance Sheet at 28 February 2006

	\$000	\$000	\$000	
Fixed Assets				
Land and buildings			540	(1)OF
Machinery			<u>275</u>	(1)OF
			815	

Current Assets

Stock	339 (1)
Trade debtors	410
Bank	106 (1) both
	855

Creditors: amounts falling due in less than one year

Trade creditors	190	(1)			
Taxation	204	(1)			
Dividends	<u>50</u>	(1)	<u>444</u>	<u>411</u>	
				1226	(2)OF
Creditors: amounts falling of	due in more	e than	one year		
Debentures (2012)				<u>110</u>	(1)
				<u>1116</u>	
Share capital and reserves	3				
Ordinary shares of \$1 fully p	aid			560	(1)
Profit and loss account				<u>556</u>	(1)
				<u>1116</u>	

[11]

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(c) Cash flow statement for the year ended 28 February 2006

	\$000	
Operating activities		
Net cash flow from operating activities	411	(1of)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest paid	(10)	(1)
Taxation		
Corporation tax paid	(176)	(1)
Capital expenditure and financial investments		
Payments to acquire fixed assets	(270)	(1)
Equity dividends paid		
Equity dividends paid during the year	<u>(104</u>)	(1)
Net cash outflow before financing	(149)	(1of)
Financing		
Receipts from issue of ordinary shares	70	(1)
Decrease in cash	<u>(79</u>)	(1)

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

•	
	\$000
Operating profit	450 (1)
Depreciation	115 (1)
Increase in stock	(59) (1)
Increase in debtors	(35) (1)
Decrease in creditors	<u>(60</u>) (1)
	411

[13]

(d) May be required to do so

Shows why cash and profits are not the same

Shows internally generated cash and cash from external sources

Links balance sheets

Cash is important to survival – shows how cash is generated and used

Other sensible answers are acceptable

Each point maximum two marks.

1 mark for identification and a further mark for development.

[4]

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2 (a) Annual Income

(if Anjni accepts the offer from Chin Ltd)

Workings

W1 36 750 (1)
$$x$$
 5% (1)
W2 2.10 (1) x 4.5 (1) = 9.45 (1) x 50 000 (1)

[10]

(b) On financial grounds she will be worse off (1of) so reject (1)

However – there may be pay rises in the future (1)
There may be a capital gain if the shares are sold in the future (1)

[4]

(c) Less responsibility/worry etc. (0-3)

No longer own boss (0-3)

Identification 1 mark and a further two marks for development

[4]

Page 4			Scheme May/June 20	006	Syllabus 9706	Paper 04
		GCE A LEVEL	. – May/June 20	000	9700	04
(d)		Chin Ltd B	salance Sheet a	t 30 April 200	6	
		(after the	purchase of An	jni's business)	
		\$		\$	\$	
Fixed asse Premises a		(W3)			250 000	(3)
Fixtures		(110)			59 500	(2)
Motor vehic Goodwill (V					72 000 <u>83 750</u>	(3)
Coodwiii (V	V +)				465 250	(3)
Current as Stock	sets			19 800 (2)	
Debtors				•	2) 2)	
Oue dite us.				42 800	•	
Trade cred		alling due in less tha 15 7:	•			
Bank overc	Iraft	20		<u>17 750</u>	<u>25 050</u>	(4)05
					<u>490 300</u>	(1)OF
Share cap					200,000	(2)
Ordinary she Profit and le					300 000 135 300	(3)
Share pren					<u>55 000</u>	(2)
					<u>490 300</u>	
Workings						
W3 120 000	(1) + 30 0	000 (1) + 100 000 (1))			
W4 56 000	- (4750) =	51 250 (1) + 83 750	(1) = 135 000 ((1)		
W5 150 000	(1) + 50 0	000 (1) + 100 000 (1)				
W6 50 000	(1) x \$1.10	(1) = 55 000				[22]
3 (a)			Lagrad Ltd			
			DC	CC	CCTV	MC
			\$	\$	\$	\$
ontribution pe ontribution pe		(SP (1) - VC (1)) (c (1) /yug (1))	110 (2) 110 (2of)	150 (2) 75 (2of)	92 (2) 23 (2of)	560 (2) 80 (2of)
ink order (10	f)	(0(1)/)dg(1)/	1 ` ´	3	4	2
ameras to be	sold		10 000 (1of)	3250 (1of)	none (1 of)	500 (1of)
			(101)	(101)	(101)	(101)
						[21]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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(b)

Marginal cost statement

	\$		\$	
Sales (2 200 000 + 1 202 500 + 632 500)			4 035 000	(1of)
Less Variable costs				
Yugaras (500 000 + 325 000 + 175 000)	1 000 000	(1of)		
Direct materials (400 000 + 292 500 + 150 000)	842 500	(1of)		
Direct labour (200 000 + 97 500 + 27 500)	325 000	(1of)		
,		. ,	<u>2 167 500</u>	
Contribution			1 867 500	
Fixed costs (600 000(1) + 320 000(1) + 120 000(1) + 35	5 000 (1))		1 075 000	(4)
Net Profit (must say)	. , ,		792 500	(1of)
Note Marks for fixed costs only rewarded if shown after	r contribution			` ,

Note Marks for fixed costs only rewarded if shown after contribution

[9]

[4]

Alternative presentation:

Digital	10 000 x 110 =	1 100 000	(1of)
Medical	500 x 560 =	280 000	(1of)
Cine	3250 x 150 =	<u>487 500</u>	(1of)
Total conf	tribution	1 867 500	(1of)
Less fixed	d costs	<u>1 075 000</u>	(4)
Net Profit		792 500	(1of)

(c) Contribution/sales ratios
$$\frac{1867500}{4035000}$$
 (1of) = 0.463(1of)

Break even =
$$\frac{\text{fixed costs}}{\text{c/s ratio}} = \frac{1075000}{0.463} \frac{(1\text{of})}{(1\text{of})} = $2 321 814 (1\text{of})$$
 [6]

(d) Will workers be made redundant?

Will skills of work force diminish during the year?

Can the workers be recruited when 'normal' production resumes?

Will machinery deteriorate?

Is there a danger that ceasing production of CCTV cameras might affect the sales of other cameras?

Two marks per point.

1 mark for identification plus one further mark for development.