

Centre Number

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Candidate Name _____

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

ACCOUNTING

9706/2

PAPER 2 Structured Questions (Core)

OCTOBER/NOVEMBER SESSION 2002

1 hour 30 minutes

Candidates answer on the question paper.
No additional materials are required.

TIME 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Write your name, Centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper. If you require extra space for your answers or workings, use page 9.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

You may use a calculator.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE	
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TOTAL	

This question paper consists of 11 printed pages and 1 lined page.



- 1 Dellow and Coucom are in partnership in a business which has three retail departments, Television, Computing and Telephones. The following balances were extracted from the business accounts at 30 April 2002:

		Dr	Cr
		\$	\$
Purchases and Sales	Television	120 000	214 000
	Computing	220 000	428 000
	Telephones	40 000	107 000
Wages		56 000	
Stocks at 1 May 2001	Television	8 000	
	Computing	19 000	
	Telephones	3 000	
Sales staff salaries		147 000	
General expenses		5 000	
Office salaries		35 000	
Advertising		14 000	
Rent		40 000	
Electricity		9 000	
Insurance		5 000	
Motor Vehicles at cost		45 000	
Furniture & Fittings at cost		30 000	

NOTES

The following must now be taken into consideration.

Stocks at 30 April 2002:	Television	\$17 000
	Computing	\$40 000
	Telephones	\$5 000

Stock-taking is computerised and is based solely on sales and purchases – no physical stock check has been taken.

Accruals at 30 April 2002:	General expenses	\$2 000
	Electricity	\$1 000
	Rent	\$2 000

Number of sales staff employed	Television	3
	Computing	4
	Telephones	1

Commission is paid to sales staff at 1% of Sales.

Depreciation is charged to Motor Vehicles and Furniture & Fittings at 20% per annum on cost.

Floor space (square metres)	Television	2 000
	Computing	2 500
	Telephones	500

- (c) It has been suggested that any department that is making a loss should be closed. Comment on this suggestion.

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- 2 (a) (i) Describe **three** different types of preference share.

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- (ii) State the **major** differences between ordinary shares, preference shares and debentures.

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On 1 October 2001 Manny Kyoor and his wife formed a limited company, Kyoor Ltd, to run a beautician's business, and each paid in \$37 500 as share capital. The bank loaned the company a further \$80 000 at 9% interest per annum.

At 30 September 2002 the business's final accounts were drawn up as follows:

Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 30 September 2002

Sales and fees		\$350 000
less Cost of Sales		
Stock bought 1 October 2001	\$31 500	
Purchases	<u>\$280 000</u>	
	\$311 500	
Stock at 30 September 2002	<u>\$66 500</u>	<u>\$245 000</u>
Gross Profit		\$105 000
less Expenses		
Rent and Rates	\$3 950	
Advertising	\$1 750	
Wages	\$29 000	
Heat and Light	\$5 250	
Interest due	\$7 200	
Depreciation	<u>\$12 000</u>	<u>\$59 150</u>
Net Profit		<u><u>\$45 850</u></u>

Balance Sheet as at 30 September 2002

<u>Fixed Assets</u>	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Deprec</u>	<u>NBV</u>
Premises	\$124 000		\$124 000
Fixtures and fittings	<u>\$48 000</u>	<u>\$12 000</u>	<u>\$36 000</u>
	<u>\$172 000</u>	<u>\$12 000</u>	\$160 000
 <u>Current assets</u>			
Stock	\$66 500		
Debtors	<u>\$21 500</u>	\$88 000	
 <u>Amounts to be settled within one year</u>			
Creditors	\$21 000		
Interest due	\$7 200		
Bank	<u>\$18 950</u>	<u>\$47 150</u>	<u>\$40 850</u>
			\$200 850
 <u>Amounts to be settled after more than one year</u>			
Long term loan			<u>\$80 000</u>
			<u>\$120 850</u>
 <u>Share Capital and Reserves</u>			
75 000 ordinary shares of \$1			\$75 000
Retained profit			<u>\$45 850</u>
			<u>\$120 850</u>

Industry average ratios and other relevant data concerning businesses similar to Kyoor Ltd were as follows:

(i) Gross Profit percentage	30.00%
(ii) Net Profit percentage	18.07%
(iii) Current ratio	2.21:1
(iv) Liquid (Quick) ratio	1.02:1
(v) Stock Turnover ratio	8 times
(vi) Fixed Assets to Sales	50.18%
(vii) Return on Total Assets	25.37%
(viii) Return on Net Assets	34.93%
(ix) Debtors' Payment period	25 days
(x) Creditors' payment period	30 days

(b) Calculate each of the above ratios, to 2 decimal places, for Kyoor Ltd.

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (v)

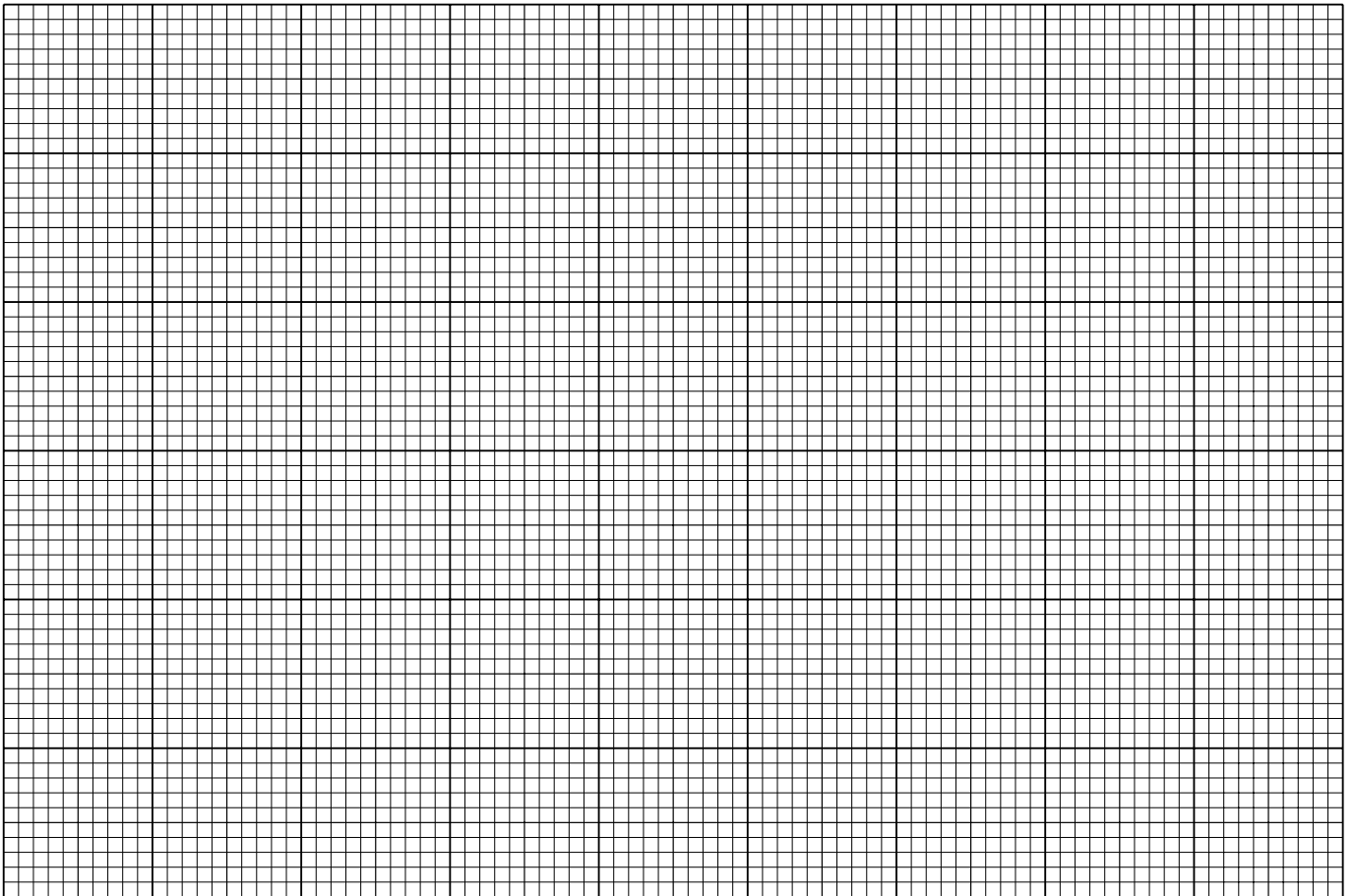
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- (g) Draw a profit/volume chart for the company for year ended 30 September 2003, showing break-even point, and profit or loss at the expected sales figure and at sales of \$60 000.



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