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UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/23

Paper 23 (Structured Questions (Core)), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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1 WORKINGS

		\$	`	´ \$		
	Bal b/d	46 400	Bank	424 000		
	Sales	<u>393 400</u>	Trade rec.	<u>15 800</u>	1of	
		439 800		439 800	(awarded in (d))	
2	Calculation	of opening of	apital	\$	\$	
				Dr	Cr	
	Trade paya	ibles (credito	rs)		29 200	
	Bank				15 000	
		ivables (debt	ors)	46 400		
	Inventory (s	,		24 400		
	_	at net book v	alue	206 400		
	Capital				<u>233 000</u>	1 + 1of
				277 200	277 200	(awarded in (d))
3	Calculation	of depreciat	ion			
		at NBV 30/04			206 400	1
	add machir	nery purchase	ed		30 400	1
					236 800	
	less NBV o	f Machinery	sold	5 600		1
	Machinery	at NBV 30/04	1/10	<u>216 000</u>	<u>221 600</u>	1
					15 200	(awarded in (c))

(a) Calculation of ordinary goods purchased for the year

	\$		
Ordinary goods purchased for cash	228 000	1	
less trade payables at start	29 200	1	
	198 800		
add trade payables at end	32 200	1	
	231 000		[3]

(b) Calculation for sales for the year

Cost of sales			
Opening inventory (stock)	24 400	1	
Ordinary goods purchased	<u>231 000</u>	1of	
	255 400		
Less closing inventory (stock)	30 600	1	
	224 800	1	
Sales = 224 800 × 1.75 (mark-up)	393 400	1	[5]

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(c) Income statement (trading and profit and loss account) for the year ended 30 April 2010

Sales cost of sales Gross profit	\$	\$ 393 400 <u>224 800</u> 168 600	1of	
Rent (24 200 – 6200) Insurance (14 200 – 3400) Wages (104 200 – 28 000) Postage Electricity Sundries Depreciation Loss on disposal (5600 – 1000)	18 000 10 800 76 200 800 8 400 4 200 15 200 4 600	138 200	2 2 2 1 1 1 3 + 1 of	
Profit for the year (net profit)	1 000	30 400	_	[16]

(d) Balance Sheet at 30 April 2010

	\$	\$	\$		
Non-current (fixed) assets					
Machinery at net book value			216 000		
Current assets					
Inventory (stock)	30 600				
Trade receivables (drs)	15 800			1	
Prepayments	9 600	56 000			
Current liabilities					
Trade payables (crs)	32 200				
Bank	<u>5 400</u>	<u>37 600</u>	<u>18 400</u>	1	
			<u>234 400</u>		
			·		
Capital at 1 May 2009			233 000	1 + 1of*	
Profit for year (net profit)			30 400	1of	
			263 400		
Drawings (28 000 + 1000)			29 000	1	
			234 400		[6]

^{*} If capital is calculated as a residual value within the balance sheet, award **1of** if wrong value but correctly calculated.

[Total: 30]

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2	(a)
_	(a)

Sales Ledger Control Account

	\$			\$		
Balance 1 April 2009	29 040	1	Sales returns	9 878	1	
Sales	499 892	1	Bank	462 680	1	
Bank (dishonoured cheque)	662	1	Discount allowed	21 404	1	
			Bad debts	9 510	1	
			Contra	1 153	1	
			Balance 31 Mar 2010	24 969	1	
	<u>529 594</u>			<u>529 594</u>		
Balance 1 April 2010	24 969	1of				[10]

(b) (i) Amended sales ledger control account

	\$			\$		
Balance b/d	24 969		Credit note corrected	840	1	
Dis all'd overstated	310	1	Debit bal transferred			
Sales omitted	998	1	to purchases ledger	698	1	
Extra sales	<u>3 856</u>	1	Balance c/d	<u> 28 595</u>	1	
	<u>30 133</u>			<u>30 133</u>		
Bal b/d	28 595					

[6]

OR

If candidate draws up a new as opposed to an amended SLC account, accept as follows.

	ioliows.				_		
		\$			\$		
	Balance	29 040					
	Cr sales	499 892		Cr note corrected	420)	
	Sales omitted	998	1			for	
	Extra sales	3 856	1			1 ≻ both	
				Sales returns	9 878		
				Cr note corrected	420	J	
	Bank (dis cheque)	662		Bank	462 680	-	
	Dis all overstated	310	1	Dis allowed	21 404		
			_	Bad debts	9 510		
				Contra	1 153		
				Contra	698	1	
				Balance	28 595	1	
		534 758			534 758		[6]
(ii)			\$	\$	\$		
(,	Sales ledger total		add	less	26 845		
	Sales invoice omitt	ed	998			1	
	Balance omitted		102			1	
	Entry omitted	_	816			1	
	Balance understate	ed he	200		4 116	1	
		_			30 961	-	
	Credit note correct	ed		840	00 00 .	1	
	Bankrupt	-		896		1	
	Entry omitted			<u>630</u>	2 366	1	
	y 0			<u>555</u>	28 595	1	[8]
					<u> </u>	•	[~]

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(c) Minimize fraud/make fraud easier to find.

Minimize time taken to find errors/make errors easier to find.

Figures for total creditors/debtors easily available.

Sectional ledgers make checking easier.

Control accounts not handled by sales/purchases ledger clerk.

Any three answers for 2 marks each.

[6]

[Total: 30]

3 DATA

	Cabinet 1	Cabinet 2	Cabinet 3
Variable cost	400	240	220
Fixed cost	8 000 000	36 000 000	79 200 000
Selling price	500	480	520

ANSWERS

(b) Difference in fixed costs divided by difference in unit contribution

$$\frac{79200000 - 36000000}{(520 - 220) - (480 - 240)} = \frac{43200000}{60} = 720000$$
[6]

(d) Extra fixed cost divided by (unit contribution on cabinet 2 less contribution on cabinet 1)

$$\frac{36\,000\,000}{(480-240)-(500-400)} = 257\,143$$
[5]

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(e) Unit selling price remains constant. Unit variable costs remain constant. Sales mix remains constant. Total fixed costs do not change. There are no semi-variable costs. All production is sold.

Any **four** correct for **1** mark each.

[4]

[Total: 30]